



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



European Technical Assessment

ETA-11/0168 of 13 December 2016

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Mungo Injection system MIT-SE Plus for rebar connections

System for post installed rebar connection with mortar

Mungo Befestigungstechnik AG Bornfeldstrasse 2 4603 OLTEN SCHWEIZ

Mungo Befestigungstechnik AG, Plant1 Germany

15 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete", ETAG 001 Part 5: "Bonded anchors", April 2013, used as European Assessment Document (EAD) according to Article 66 Paragraph 3 of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011.



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Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this European Technical Assessment is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the "Mungo Injection system MIT-SE Plus for rebar connection" in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with a diameter ϕ from 8 to 32 mm and injection mortar MIT-SE Plus are used for rebar connections. The reinforcing bar is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between embedded element, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the rebar connection is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the anchor of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance	
Design values of the ultimate bond resistance	See Annex C 1	

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Rebar connections satisfy requirements for Class A1
Resistance to fire	No performance determined (NPD)

3.3 Hygiene, health and the environment (BWR 3)

Regarding dangerous substances there may be requirements (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions) applicable to the products falling within the scope of this European Technical Assessment. In order to meet the provisions of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3.4 Safety in use (BWR 4)

The essential characteristics regarding Safety in use are included under the Basic Works Requirement Mechanical resistance and stability.



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4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with guideline for European technical approval ETAG 001, April 2013 used as European Assessment Document (EAD) according to Article 66 Paragraph 3 of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system to be applied is: 1

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable EAD

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 13 December 2016 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Andreas Kummerow p.p. Head of Department *beglaubigt:* Baderschneider



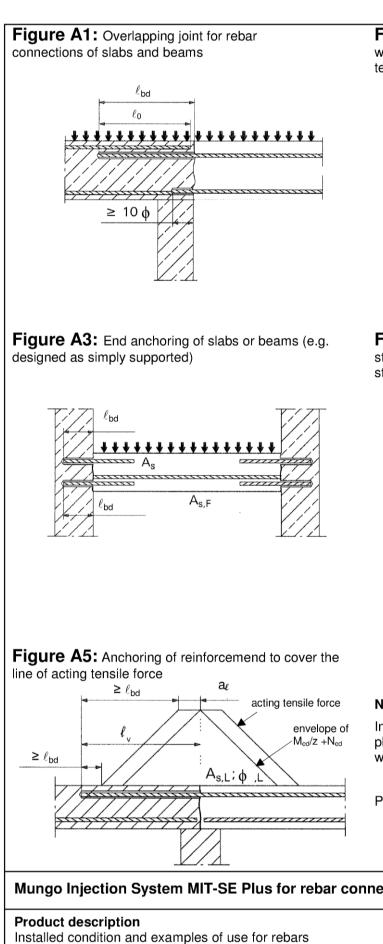


Figure A2: Overlapping joint at a foundation of a wall or column where the rebars are stressed in tension

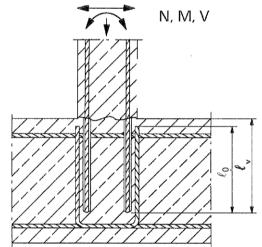
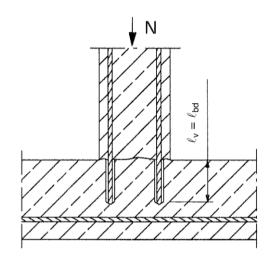


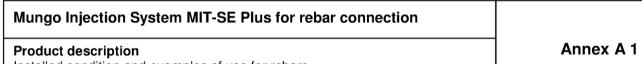
Figure A4: Rebar connection for components stressed primarily in compression. The rebars sre stressed in compression



Note to Figure A1 to A5:

In the Figures no transverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

Preparing of joints according to Annex B 2



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Mungo Injection System MIT-SE Plus:		
Injection mortar: MIT-SE Plus Typ "coaxial": 150 ml, 280 ml, 300 ml up to 333 ml and 380 ml up to 420 ml Kartusche	hazard-code	otes, charge-code, shelf life, curing- and processing time in the temperature), with as well as
Type "side-by-side": 235 ml, 345 ml and 825 ml cartridge	hazard-code	otes, charge-code, shelf life, , curing- and processing time on the temperature), with as well as
Static Mixer		
CRW 14W		
TAH 18W	ă pă pă pă pă pă	
Piston plug and mixer extension	0	
Reinforcing bar (rebar): ø8, ø10, ø12, ø	14, ø16, ø20, ø22, ø24, ø	o25, ø28, ø32
 Minimum value of related rip area f_{R,min} according Rib height of the bar shall be in the range 0,05φ s (φ: Nominal diameter of the bar; h: Rip height of t Table A1: Materials 	≤ h ≤ 0,07 φ	10
Designation	Material	
Rebar EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex C	Bars and de-coiled rods class f_{yk} and k according to NDP or $f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$	s B or C ^r NCL of EN 1992-1-1/NA:2013
Mungo Injection System MIT-SE Plus for reb	par connection	
Product description Injection mortar / Static mixer / Rebar Materials		Annex A 2



Specifications of intended use

Anchorages subject to:

• Static and quasi-static loads.

Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Maximum chloride concrete of 0,40% (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206-1:2000.
- · Non-carbonated concrete.

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of ϕ + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar.

The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

Temperature Range:

• - 40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max long term temperature +50°C).

Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 and Annex B 2.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

Installation:

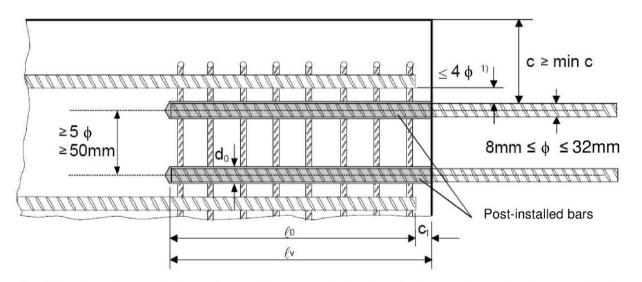
- Dry or wet concrete.
- · It must not be installed in flooded holes.
- Hole drilling by hammer drill or compressed air drill mode.
- The installation of post-installed rebar shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done.
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

Intended use Specifications



Figure B1: General construction rules for post-installed rebars

- · Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.



¹⁾ If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4\u00f5, then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4\u00f5.

The following applies to Figure B1:

- c concrete cover of post-installed rebar
- c₁ concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- min c minimum concrete cover according to Table B1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
 φ diameter of post-installed rebar
- lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
- ℓ_v effective embedment depth, $\geq \ell_0 + c_1$
- d₀ nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 6

Mungo Injection System MIT-SE Plus for rebar connection

Intended use

General construction rules for post-installed rebars



Drilling aid 10000C-02

•	Table B1: Minimum concre post-installed re drilling method	ete cover min c ¹⁾ bar depending of		
	Drilling method	Rebar diameter	Without drilling aid	With

	Drilling method	Rebar diameter	Without drilling aid	With drilling aid
Hammer drilling (HD)	Hammer drilling (HD)	< 25 mm	$30 \text{ mm} + 0,06 \cdot \ell_{v} \geq 2 \phi$	$30 \text{ mm} + 0.02 \cdot \ell_v \ge 2 \phi$
		≥ 25 mm	40 mm + 0,06 · ℓ _v ≥ 2 φ	40 mm + 0,02 $\cdot \ell_{v} \ge 2 \phi$
	Compressed air drilling (CD)	< 25 mm	50 mm + 0,08 · ℓ _v	50 mm + 0,02 · ℓ _v
		≥ 25 mm	60 mm + 0,08 · ℓ _v	60 mm + 0,02 · ℓ _v

see Annexes B2, Figures B1

1)

Comments: The minimum concrete cover acc. EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 must be observed

Table B2: maximum embedment depth $\ell_{v,max}$

Rebar	
Øφ	$\ell_{v,max}$ [mm]
8 mm	1000
10 mm	1000
12 mm	1200
14 mm	1400
16 mm	1600
20 mm	2000
22 mm	2000
24 mm	2000
25 mm	2000
28 mm	1000
32 mm	1000

Table B3: Base material temperature, gelling time and curing time

Concrete temperature		mperature	Gelling- / working time ¹⁾	Minimum curing time in dry concrete ⁵⁾	
			t _{gel}	t _{cure,dry}	
-10°C	bis	-6°C	90 min ²⁾	24 h	
-5°C	bis	-1°C	90 min ³⁾	14 h	
0°C	bis	+4°C	45 min ³⁾	7 h	
+5°C	bis	+9°C	25 min ³⁾	2 h	
+10°C	bis	+19°C	15 min ³⁾	80 min	
+20°C	bis	+24°C	6 min ³⁾	45 min	
+25°C	bis	+29°C	4 min ³⁾	25 min	
+30°C	bis	+40°C	2,5 min ⁴⁾	15 min	

 $^{1)}t_{gel}$: maximum time from starting of mortar injection to completing of rebar setting. $^{2)}$ Cartridge temperature **<u>must</u>** be at minimum +15°C

³⁾ Cartridge temperature **must** be between +5°C and +25°C

⁴⁾ Cartridge temperature must be below +20°C

 $^{\rm 5)}$ In wet concrete the curing time $t_{\rm cure,dry}$ has to be doubled up

Mungo Injection System MIT-SE Plus for rebar connection

Intended use

Minimum concrete cover Maximum embedment depth / working time and curing times



Table B4: Dispensing tools Cartridge Hand tool Pneumatic tool type/size Coaxial cartridges 150, 280, 300 up to 333 ml e.g. Type H 297 or H244C e.g. Type TS 492 X Coaxial cartridges 380 up to 420 ml e.g. Type CCM 380/10 e.g. Type H 285 or H244C e.g. Type TS 485 LX Side-by-side cartridges 235, 345 ml e.g. Type CBM 330A e.g. Type H 260 e.g. Type TS 477 LX Side-by-side cartridge 825 ml e.g. Type TS 498X

All cartridges could also be extruded by a battery tool.

Mungo Injection System MIT-SE Plus for rebar connection	
Intended Use Dispensing tools	Annex B 4

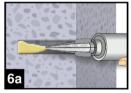


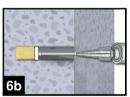
A) Bore hole dril	ling	
	 Drill a hole into the base material to the size and en selected reinforcing bar with carbide hammer drill (I (CD). In case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall 	HD) or a compressed air drill
	Rebai	r - Ø Drill - Ø
	¢	[mm]
	10 r	
	12 r	
	14 r	nm 18
	16 r	nm 20
	20 r	nm 25
	22 r	nm 28
	24 r	nm 32
	25 r	nm 32
	28 r	
Hammer drill (HD)	Compressed air drill (CD) 32 r	
2a 4x or 2a 4x 2a 4x	 a. Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, blocompressed air (min. 6 bar) or a hand pump a minim hole ground is not reached an extension shall be use. For bore holes deeper then 240 mm, compressed ai b. Check brush diameter (Table B5) and attach the bru or a battery screwdriver. Brush the hole with an appr > d_{b,min} (Table B5) a minimum of four times. If the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush shall be used. c. Finally blow the hole clean again with compressed ai minimum of four times. If the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush shall be used. 	num of four times. If the bore ed. r (min. 6 bar) <u>must</u> be used. sh to a drilling machine ropriate sized wire brush , a brush extension ir (min. 6 bar) or a hand pump a
	For bore holes deeper than 240 mm, compressed ai	r (min. 6 bar) <u>must</u> be used.
Intended Use Installation instruction: Bore Bore hole cleaning	hole drilling and	Annex B 5

Table B5:	Cleaning t	ools						
Brush:								
4				SDS Plus Ac	lapter:			
I		****	*****	^ ^				
	<u>><</u> 7777		WWWW	d _b	(<u></u> -			
Brush exte	ension:							
			d _{b,min}					
φ Rebar - Ø	d₀ Drill bit - Ø	d _⊳ Brush - Ø	min.					
nebar - Ø		Brush - Ø	Brush - Ø	A .	Com			
(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)					
8	12	14	12,5					
10	14	16	14,5	Hand	oump (volume 750 ml)			
12	16	18	16,5					
14	18	20 22	18,5					
16 20	20 25	22	20,5 25,5					
20	23	30	28,5					
24	32	34	32,5					
25	32	34	32,5		•			
28	35	37	35,5					
32	40	41,5	40,5	Rec. c	ompressed air tool			
					slide valve (min 6 bar)			
C) Prep	C) Preparation of bar and cartridge							
		0 Attach th	- A auroniad a	tatio miving parale to the partri	dae and load the certridee into			
			e supplied s ct dispensin	static-mixing nozzle to the cartric	uge and load the carthoge into			
				terruption longer than the recom	nmended working time			
				s for every new cartridges, a new				
3								
		4 Prior to in	serting the	reinforcing bar into the filled bo	re hole, the position of the			
					on the reinforcing bar and insert			
			-	verify hole and depth ℓ_{v} .	5			
				hould be free of dirt, grease, oil	or other foreign material.			
4			0	, ,	5			
×	min. 3 full	5 Prior to d	ispensina ir	nto the anchor hole, squeeze ou	t separately the mortar until it			
1	stroke				ree full strokes, and discard non-			
		uniformly	mixed adhe	esive components.				
F	6							
5								
Mungo Inje	ction Syste	m MIT-SE	Plus for re	ebar connection				
Intended Use					Annex B 6			
	stallation instruction: Cleaning tools and							
Preparation o								
•		-						



D) Filling the bore hole





6. Starting from the bottom or back of the cleaned anchor hole fill the hole up to approximately two-thirds with adhesive. Slowly withdraw the static mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets. For embedment larger than 190 mm an extension nozzle shall be used.

For overhead and horizontal installation and bore holes deeper than 240 mm a piston plug and the appropriate mixer extension must be used.

Observe the gel-/ working times given in Table B3.

Table B6: Piston plugs, max anchorage depth and mixer extension

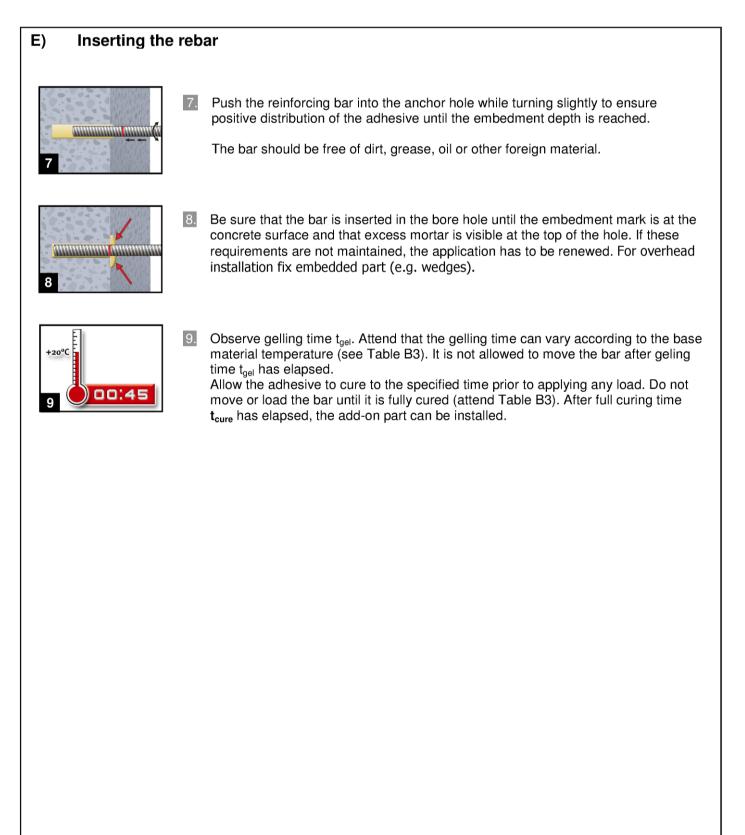
	Dr		Distant		Cartr All s		ridge: de (825 ml)				
Bar size	bit	- Ø	Piston plug	Hand or b	Hand or battery tool Pneumatic tool		natic tool	Pneumatic tool			
ф	HD	PD	. pg	l _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension		
(mm)	(m	m)	No.	(cm)		(cm)		(cm)			
8	12	-	-			80		80	VL 10/0,75		
10	14	-	#14					100			
12	1	6	#16	70		100		120			
14	1	8	#18			100		140	1		
16	2	0	#20					160]		
20	25	26	#25		VL 10/0,75 VL 10/0	VL 10/0,75]			
22	2	8	#28	50				70		000	VL 16/1,8
24	3	2	#32]	200			
25	3	2	#32		= -	50		_			
28	3	5	#35		50						
32	4	0	#40					100			
level mark lm lv, l _{e,ges}											
Injection to	ol mus	t be m	arked by	mortar level	mark $\boldsymbol{\ell}_{\mathrm{m}}$ and a	anchorage d	lepth $\ell_{\!\scriptscriptstyle m v}$ resp. $\ell_{\!\scriptscriptstyle m e}$	_{,ges} with tape	or marker.		
Quick estir						-		·- ·			
					$\ell_{ m m}$ becomes vi	isible.					
					$ges \cdot \left(1,2 \cdot \frac{\phi^2}{d_0^2}\right)$		ım]				

Mungo Injection System MIT-SE Plus for rebar connection

Intended Use

Installation instruction: Filling the bore hole





Mungo Injection System MIT-SE Plus for rebar connection

Intended Use Installation instruction: Inserting rebar



Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length

The minimum anchorage length $\ell_{b,min}$ and the minimum lap length $\ell_{0,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 ($\ell_{b,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.6 and Eq. 8.7 and $\ell_{0,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.11) shall be multiply by a factor according to Table C1.

Table C1: Factor related to concrete class and drilling method

Concrete class	Drilling method	Factor	
C12/15 to C50/60	Hammer drilling and compressed air drilling	1,0	

Table C2: Design values of the ultimate bond resistance f_{bd} in N/mm² for all drilling methods for good conditions according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 for good bond conditions

(for all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0.7)

Rebar - Ø	Concrete class									
φ	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60	
8 to 25 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3	
28 bis 32 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	3,7	3,7	

Mungo Injection System MIT-SE Plus for rebar connection

Performances Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length Design values of ultimate bond resistance f_{bd}